ATTENTION.

Food Truck Operators

Are you aware that your compressed gas cylinders must be inspected?

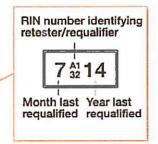
Cylinders are required to be requalified, or replaced every 5-12 years depending on the cylinder type, condition, and previous requalification method (Ref. 49 CFR §§ 180.205(d) and 180.209).

The original manufacture/test date and any requalification/retest dates must be presented in a specific manner. Cylinders that are overdue for requalification must not be refilled.

If propane tanks are manufactured to ASTM Standards and built into the truck's body making it difficult to remove, then these tanks are exempt from the DOT reinspection requirements.

For more information, contact the Hazmat Info-Center: 1-800-467-4922.

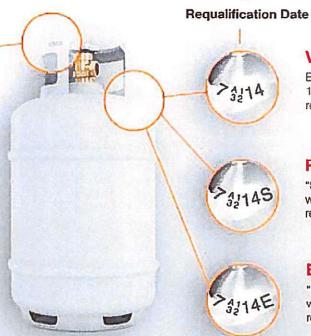






Original Manufacture/ Test Date

If no requalification markings are found, the cylinder must be requalified within 12 years of the original manufacture date. (Must be requalified by 5/2017 in this example)



Volumetric Test.

Basic Marking. Must be requalified within 12 years of stamped date (Must be requalified by 7/2026 in this example)

Proof Pressure Test.

"S" indicates cylinder must be requalified within 7 years of stamped date (Must be requalified by 7/2021 in this example)

External Visual Test.

"E" indicates cylinder must be requalified within 5 years of stamped date (Must be requalified by 7/2019 in this example)

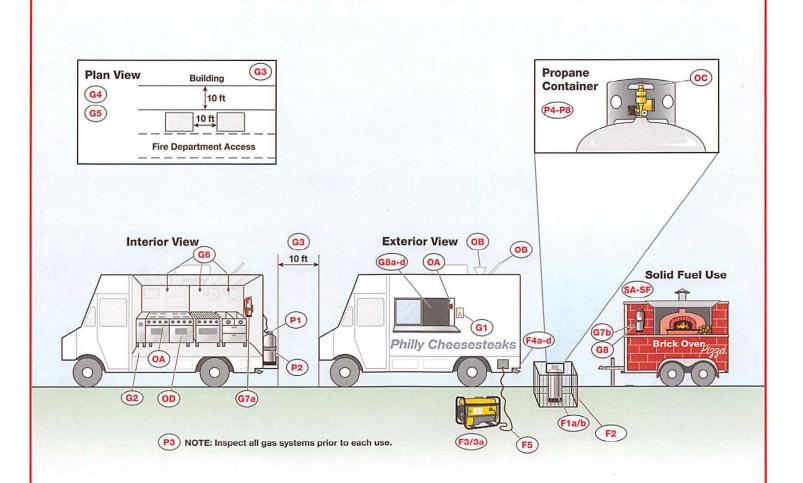


U.S. Department of Transportation

Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration If cylinder is out of test find an approved requalifier to requalify your cylinder. A list of DOT approved requalifiers is available from the PHMSA website: https://portal.phmsa.dot.gov/rinlocator



FOOD TRUCK SAFETY



NFPA code references are provided at the end of each item. The red keys correspond to the NFPA food truck safety diagram. For more detailed information, see NFPA 1 and Annex B in NFPA 96.

General Safety Checklist

- □ Obtain license or permits from the local authorities. [1:1.12.8(a)] G1
- ☐ Ensure there is no public seating within the mobile food truck. [1:50.7.1.6.3] G2
- Check that there is a clearance of at least 10 ft away from buildings, structures, vehicles, and any combustible materials. [96:7.8.2; 96:7.8.3 for carnivals only] G3
- Verify fire department vehicular access is provided for fire lanes and access roads, [1:18.2.4] G4
- □ Ensure clearance is provided for the fire department to access fire hydrants and access fire department connections. [1:13.1.3; 1:13.1.4; 1:13.1.5] G5
- ☐ Check that appliances using combustible media are protected by an approved fire extinguishing system. [96:10.1.2] G6

- Verify portable fire extinguishers have been selected and installed in kitchen cooking areas in accordance with NFPA 10. [96:10.9.3] G7a
- Where solid fuel cooking appliance produce grease-laden vapors, make sure the appliances are protected by listed fire-extinguishing equipment.
 [96:14.7.1] G7b
- ☐ Ensure that workers are trained in the following: [96:B.15.1]: G8
 - □ Proper use of portable fire extinguishers and extinguishing systems
 [10:1.2] G8a
 - □ Proper method of shutting off fuel sources [96:10.4.1] G8b
 - ☐ Proper procedure for notifying the local fire department [1:10.14.9 for carnivals only] G8c
 - □ Proper procedure for how to perform simple leak test on gas connections [58:6.16, 58:6.17] G8d



FOOD TRUCK SAFETY CONTINUED

Fuel & Power Sources Checklist

- Verify that fuel tanks are filled to the capacity needed for uninterrupted operation during normal operating hours. [1:10.14.10.1 for carnivals only] Fla
- Ensure that refueling is conducted only during non-operating hours.
 [96:B.18.3] F1b
- Check that any engine-driven source of power is separated from the public by barriers, such as physical guards, fencing, or enclosures. [96:B.16.2.2] F2
- ☐ Ensure that any engine-driven source of power is shut down prior to refueling from a portable container. [1:11.7.2.1.2] F3
- Check that surfaces of engine-driven source of power are cool to the touch prior to refueling from a portable container. F3a
- Make sure that exhaust from engine-driven source of power complies with the following: F4
 - ☐ At least 10 ft in all directions from openings and air intakes [96:B.13] F4a
 - ☐ At least 10 ft from every means of egress [96:B.13] F4b
 - ☐ Directed away from all buildings [1:11.7.2.2] F4c
 - Directed away from all other cooking vehicles and operations [1:11.7.2.2]
 F4d
- Ensure that all electrical appliances, fixtures, equipment, and wiring complies with the NFPA 70°. [96:B.18] F5

Propane System Integrity Checklist

- Check that the main shutoff valve on all gas containers is readily accessible.
 [58:6.26.4.1(3)] P1
- Ensure that portable gas containers are in the upright position and secured to prevent tipping over. [58:6.26.3.4] P2
- ☐ Inspect gas systems prior to each use. [96:B.19.2.3] P3
- Perform leak testing on all new gas connections of the gas system. [58:6.16;
 58:6.17] P4
- Perform leak testing on all gas connections affected by replacement of an exchangeable container. [58:6.16; 58:6.17] P5
- Document leak testing and make documentation available for review by the authorized official. [58:6.26.5.1(M)] P6
- Ensure that on gas system piping, a flexible connector is installed between the regulator outlet and the fixed piping system. [58:6.26.5.1(B)] P7
- Where a gas detection system is installed, ensure that it has been tested in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. [96:B.19.2.1] P8

Operational Safety Checklist

- Do not leave cooking equipment unattended while it is still hot. (This is the leading cause of home structure fires and home fire injuries.) OA
- Operate cooking equipment only when all windows, service hatches, and ventilation sources are fully opened. [96:14.2.2; 96:14.2.3] OB
- Close gas supply piping valves and gas container valves when equipment is not in use. [58:6.26.8.3] OC
- Keep cooking equipment, including the cooking ventilation system, clean by regularly removing grease. [96:11.4] OD

Solid Fuel Safety Checklist (Where Wood, Charcoal, Or Other Solid Fuel Is Used)

- ☐ Fuel is not stored above any heat-producing appliance or vent. [96:14.9.2.2] SA
- ☐ Fuel is not stored closer than 3 ft to any cooking appliance. [96:14.9.2.2] SB
- Fuel is not stored near any combustible flammable liquids, ignition sources, chemicals, and food supplies and packaged goods. [96:14.9.2.7] SC
- ☐ Fuel is not stored in the path of the ash removal or near removed ashes. [96:14.9.2.4] SD
- Ash, cinders, and other fire debris should be removed from the firebox at regular intervals and at least once a day. [96:14.9.3.6.1] SE
- Removed ashes, cinders, and other removed fire debris should be placed in a closed, metal container located at least 3 ft from any cooking appliance.
 [96:14.9.3.8] SF

NFPA RESOURCES

NFPA 1, Fire Code, 2018 Edition

NFPA 1 Fire Code Handbook, 2018 Edition

NFPA 58, Liquefied Petroleum Gas Code, 2017 Edition

LP-Gas Code Handbook, 2017 Edition

NFPA 70®, National Electrical Code®, 2017 Edition

National Electrical Code® Handbook, 2017 Edition

NFPA 96, Standard for Ventilation Control and Fire Protection of Commercial Cooking Operations, 2017 Edition

NFPA 96: Standard for Ventilation Control and Fire Protection of Commercial Cooking Operations Handbook, 2017 Edition

